

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 29.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1900.

NUMBER 27

Wonderful Bargains

Throughout the Big Store During
the Month of February.

We Are Closing Them Out.

Everything in the line of Winter Goods.

All broken lots in Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes cheap.

All Hats and Caps marked down.

No matter what you want you can buy it cheaper at
our store than elsewhere, when quality
and style is considered.

W. P. Schenk & Company.

DEWEY.

Do we mean we are selling all our Ladies' and Children's Furnishings
cheaper than other stores? Yes. So come to us for

**HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR,
GLOVES,
MITTENS,
CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS, Etc.**

WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

Oncida Underwear.

Onyx Hosiery.

KEMPF & McKUNE

CORNER STORE.

Agents for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Puritan Shoes.

We Still Continue

To sell Furniture at

REDUCED PRICES.

Special prices on Bedroom Suits, Chairs and
Sideboards. Call and see our line of
Blue and Gray Granite Iron Ware.

PRICES ARE RIGHT.

W. J. KNAPP.

Pure Food Store.

I have a lot of fine, fresh Groceries—

They Must Be Disposed of.

I have a lot of Rubber Boots, Shoes and Felts—

That Wont Pay to Carry Over.

Govern yourselves accordingly.

JOHN FARRELL.

My Meats Give Satisfaction.

This is proven by the increasing number of my customers, who ap-
preciate the good service they receive.

Smoked, Fresh and Salt Meats, Sausages, Etc.

Always on hand. Fresh Fish every Friday.
Goods delivered.

C. SCHAFER,

Klein building, North Main street, Chelsea, Mich.

For Safety and to Draw Interest

Deposit your Money in the

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Spry Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric
alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glasier, Cashier.

INSTITUTE A SUCCESS

Excellent Papers and Good, Practi-
cal Discussions.

ATTENDANCE CONTINUALLY INCREASED

At Each Session Until Saturday
Night When Many Could
Not Get Admission.

The farmers' institute held here Friday
and Saturday of last week was a most
successful one in every respect. The in-
terest manifested in the papers read and
the discussion of them together with the
large attendance at all the sessions was
particularly gratifying to those who had
the arrangements of the institute in
charge, and also encouraging for the hold-
ing of other institutes in the future. The
number in attendance steadily increased
from the first session Friday afternoon
until the final grand round-up Saturday
night when so many were on hand to see
and hear Governor Plogree that the town
hall would not hold them, and many had
to return home. All the papers read were
excellent and the questions asked and
discussion that followed each showed that
the farmers in this vicinity are seeking
every method to improve and develop
the resources of their farms.

The institute opened on Friday after-
noon at 1:30 p. m., with O. C. Burkhardt,
president, in the chair, who called on
George P. Staffan, president of the village
of Chelsea, to deliver the address of
welcome.

President Staffan heartily welcomed
the visitors to our village, tendered them
its freedom with immunity from arrest,
and expressed the idea that the farmers
who stayed at home the most, worked the
hardest, and saved what they made, were
the ones who were the best off.

O. C. Burkhardt responded to the ad-
dress of welcome and thanked Mr.
Staffan for his kind words of welcome.
While accepting the freedom of the
village he said those attending the insti-
tute would certainly not abuse it. The
farmers appreciate Chelsea, its business
men and interests, its churches and
schools, and said it well deserved the
renown it has gained of being the greatest
town of its size in Michigan. He further
said the best of feeling exists between the
farmers and the village people.

L. D. Watkins' paper on "What is the
most successful way of conducting a
farm?" was the first number on the pro-
gram. It was read by Albert McNair, of
New York, Mr. Watkins' throat being in
such condition that he could not read it
himself. He said corn was at the head of
the money making crops grown in Michi-
gan. He advocated a regular system of
rotation of crops. To make a farm pay
you must grow stock food, buy shelled
corn for sheep, and keep something on
hand for the market all the time. High
grades or pure bloods are the best kind of
cattle to keep. Don't buy Jerseys or
Devons for breeding purposes at any price.
He advocated the sowing of rape with
clover and oats as a good protection for
the former, also as a good feed for sheep.

W. E. Stocking, of Lima, opened the
discussion. In 1888, he said, the question
was how much help could a man get to
help him harvest his wheat. Now the
question is how much can a man's horses
stand to put in. The proper rotation of
crops has bothered the best minds in
Michigan. Farmers are starving their
lands to death with too constant crop-
ping. The German farmers of Lima
have a regular rotation of crops from
which they never vary, while the Ameri-
can farmer is apt to specialize with sugar
beets, chicory, etc. In his opinion the
man who succeeds must follow a rotation
of crops.

A general discussion followed in which
many questions were put and answered,
and some good points about feeding,
sowing and other things were brought out.

Music by the male quartette, Messrs.
George and Floyd Ward, Louis Burg and
John Eisenman, followed.

Prof. J. D. Towar next spoke on "The
Sugar Beet Industry." He gave an ex-
haustive address on the manner of prepar-
ing the land, sowing, growing, cultivating
and harvesting the sugar beet, the kind of
land best adapted to its growth, the cost
per acre to raise beets, the prices obtained

Continued on Second Page.

DEDICATION PROGRAM.

Services and Meetings in Connection With
Dedicating the New M. E. Church.

Next Sunday will mark a red letter day
in the history of the Methodist society of
Chelsea, in that it is the day set apart for
the dedication of their handsome new
church. The Congregational and Baptist
churches have both given over their
services and will unite with their Meth-
odist brethren in dedicatory services. Dr.
B. I. Ives, of Auburn, N. Y., who will
preach the dedication sermon in the morn-
ing, 40 years ago preached the dedication
sermon of the old church, which was
destroyed by fire January, 1899. There
will be three services on Sunday, followed
by a banquet on Monday evening, a
meeting in the interest of christian edu-
cation Wednesday evening and a grand
Epworth League rally Friday evening.
The full program is given below:

SUNDAY SERVICES.

10:30 a. m. Preaching by Rev. B. I.
Ives, D. D., of Auburn, N. Y.

5:15 p. m. Grand Epworth League Rally,
led by Rev. J. H. McIntosh.

7:00 p. m. Preaching by Rev. J. E.
Jacklin, associate editor of the Michigan
Christian Advocate, Detroit.

PROGRAM FOR BANQUET.

Toastmaster, Rev. E. W. Ryan, D. D.,
Presiding Elder.

1. Anthem—"Song of Thanksgiving."
2. Toast—"Church Organization." Re-
sponse, Rev. B. I. Ives, D. D.

3. Solo—"For All Eternity." Miss
Margaret B. Nickerson.

4. Toast—"Christian Fellowship." Re-
sponse, Rev. J. H. McIntosh.

5. Duet—"Drift My Bark." Mes-
dames Congdon and Keenan.

6. Toast—"Our Young People." Re-
sponse, Rev. George B. Marsh.

7. Quartette—"The Lovely Rose." Mes-
dames Congdon, Keenan and Cum-
mings, and Miss M. B. Nickerson.

8. Toast—"The Status of Women in
the M. E. church." Response, Rev. H.
W. Hicks.

9. Duet—"Mrs. Cummings and Miss
Margaret B. Nickerson.

10. Piano solo—"Mrs. Broesamle.

11. Mixed Quartette—"Good night,
farewell." H. I. Stimson, Lyn Rader,
Mrs. Cummings and Miss Margaret B.
Nickerson.

OTHER SERVICES.

Wednesday evening, Feb. 28—Address
by Rev. J. P. Ashley, president of Albion
college, in the interest of Christian Edu-
cation.

Friday evening, March 2—Epworth
League rally with address by Dr. J. F.
Burry, editor of the Epworth Herald,
Chicago.

A HAPPY OCCASION.

Olive Lodge, F. & A. M., worked the M. M.
Degree and Was Afterwards Feasted by
the Ladies of the O. E. S.

Tuesday evening was quite a gala even-
ing with Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A.
M. The occasion was the conferring of
the Master Mason's degree on Rev. C. S.
Jones. The members of the craft were
out in full force, over 70 being present,
this number including a dozen brothers
from Livingston Lodge, Pinckney, at
whose request the degree was conferred
on Mr. Jones. The work was done in
excellent shape by John B. Cole, W. M.,
and Past Master R. S. Armstrong and
their assistants.

After the work was over a surprise was
preperated on the brothers when a num-
ber of the ladies of the Eastern Star filed
into the lodge room in couples bearing
baskets of substantial food and plates of
dainty cake. They soon got things in
order, as only women can do, for the
serving of a bountiful lunch, and every
one of the hundred or more people then
present had a most enjoyable time for an
hour or so. The Masons were grateful
to the ladies for their kind forethought,
and the ladies were happy in having
contributed to the pleasure of their
Masonic brethren.

School Report.

Report of school in district No. 5,
Lyndon, for the month ending Feb. 18:

Attending every day, Millie Wallace,
Frances Spencer, Floyd and Howard
Boyce, and James Young. Standing 90,
Millie Wallace, Ethel Skidmore, Vincent,
Madge and Annie Young, Floyd and
Spencer Boyce, and Margie Goodwin; 85,
James Young and Callista Boyce.

Mrs. Lucy Stephens, Teacher.

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

Who Coughed?

He'd better try a bottle of White
Pine Cough Syrup at

The Bank Drug Store

Large bottles 35 cents. A bottle in
time saves nine."

10c.

Jardinieres

We have a fine line of them.

Fresh, Juicy

NAVEL ORANGES

13c. per Dozen,

8-lb. pails Whitefish, 45c.

Finest Clover Leaf Codfish, 10c. lb.

Stimson's Drug Store



THE BEST SERVICE

and the finest food in the village are to be
had at our restaurant.

Every seasonable dainty is on the bill
of fare. The Roasts, Steaks, Chops and
other dishes are of fine flavor and satisfy-
ing substance. Nowhere else can you
dine so well for 25 cents.

Canright & Hamilton.

If you want a

COOL SMOKE

Call for

**Columbia,
Our Standard,
Copperfield,**

Sport,

Best So. Cigars on the Market.

Manufactured by

F. B. SCHUSSLER, Chelsea.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. : : MICHIGAN.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

BOUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resurrections, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

CONGRESSIONAL.

At its session on the 14th the senate had the financial bill under discussion. An amendment providing for an international bimetallic commission was defeated. A bill to punish violations of treaty rights of aliens was favorably reported. The house considered the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill, the army appropriation bill (\$111,700,364) was reported, and a bill was introduced to reduce the internal revenue tax on beer, tobacco, cigars and cigarettes.

In the senate on the 15th the substitute for the house currency bill was passed by a vote of 46 to 29. A favorable report was made on a bill for the establishment of a military post at Des Moines, Ia. In the house the judicial appropriation bill was considered, and during the debate the Philippine question and civil service reform were discussed. A resolution was introduced for information concerning charges made by ex-consul Macrum that his official mail had been opened and read by the British censor at Durban.

On the 16th discussion of the Philippine question was resumed in the senate, the bill providing a form of government for the territory of Hawaii was read, and conferees on the financial bill were appointed. In the house a resolution providing that no polygamist shall be elected to the house or senate was favorably reported. The senate amendments to the financial bill were disagreed to and conferees were chosen.

There was no session of the senate on the 17th. In the house the civil service appropriation, which was stricken out of the appropriation bill in the committee of the whole, was restored by a vote of 122 to 77. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was passed and a favorable report was made on the bill for constructing the Nicaragua canal.

DOMESTIC.

Trinity Methodist church was burned in Chicago, with a loss of \$100,000.

Floods along the Merrimack and Connecticut rivers in New England have caused immense damage.

The Chicago post office handled 180,000 valentines, the greatest number in its record.

Charles E. Macrum, former American consul in Pretoria, says he resigned because Hay left him "in position of British consul and not an American consul," and that British officials examined and delayed his correspondence.

The coal barges Blossom and Alice Tryon foundered off Port Chester, N. Y., and six lives were lost.

The steel sheet mills of the country were combined at a meeting in Pittsburgh with a capital of \$52,000,000.

The annual report of the Maine department of the G. A. R. shows the deaths of 234 members in the past year.

Tom Sharkey has accepted Bob Fitzsimmons' challenge and will fight the ex-champion as soon as possible.

Holding that the federal court had no jurisdiction in the contests in Kentucky, Judge Taft, in Cincinnati, refused to grant the application for injunctions against the state board of elections and the democratic contestants for state offices other than governor and lieutenant governor.

The anticipated big rush to the Cape Nome gold fields in Alaska has started. The industrial department of the Iowa state hospital for the insane was burned at Mount Pleasant.

The eightieth birthday of Miss Susan B. Anthony was honored by the delegates attending the National American Women's Suffrage association in Washington.

Miners in the Springfield (Ill.) convention decided to put negroes on an equal footing with white workmen.

The fight between James J. Jeffries and James J. Corbett will take place May 14 at Coney Island.

Thomas Brennan was hanged at Pottsville, Pa., for the murder of Harry Elliott.

Ex-consul Macrum's report that his official mail in Durban was tampered with by British officials is discredited by the state department in Washington.

George Weeks (colored) was hanged in Philadelphia for the murder of Alice White (also colored).

The second anniversary of the destruction of the United States battleship Maine was observed in Havana.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 14th aggregated \$1,507,131,331, against \$1,807,583,776 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1899 was 8.6.

Roland B. Molineux was sentenced in New York to die in Sing Sing prison during the week of March 26 for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams.

There were 218 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 16th, against 245 the week previous and 178 in the corresponding period of 1899.

Postmaster Simmons, of Seward, Neb., was arrested for embezzlement, and David Figard, one of his bondsmen, dropped dead when notified.

A material reduction in the American military force now in Cuba will be made as soon as warmer weather begins in the United States.

Attorneys for the contestants for Kentucky state offices met in Judge Cantrill's court at Georgetown and agreed to suspend proceedings in both the Taylor and Beckham suits until February 21. Meantime they will try to reach an agreement to be sanctioned by the court.

A New York messenger boy stole \$700 and started for Chicago to fight Indians.

Two men were instantly killed and three fatally injured by the explosion of a locomotive boiler in Topeka, Kan.

The village of Dayton, Mich., was almost totally destroyed by fire.

The United States now has 61 naval vessels authorized or under construction, and to man them will require 3,048 more officers and 17,937 more men.

The ninth annual convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution began in Washington.

Chicago contractors issued a statement declaring permanent war and no compromise with the Building Trades council.

At Concord, N. H., the Abbott-Downing company, manufacturers of coaches, carriages and wagons, failed for \$200,000.

Leslie Eastburn, a 21-year-old boy, shot and killed Jasper Sutton, an aged and respected citizen of Bloomfield, Ia. Eastman wished to marry Sutton's daughter, but her father objected.

Senator Clark, of Montana, appeared before the senate committee investigating the bribery charges connected with his election to the senate and denied using any money to corrupt legislators.

Thomas Parsons and Jacob Dull, boys aged about 13 years, were found asphyxiated in a closet of the Metropolitan hotel in Millvale, Pa.

The residence of Rev. W. Bainbridge, an elderly retired minister, was destroyed by fire at Antwerp, O., and Mr. Bainbridge lost his life in the flames.

Will Burts, a negro, was lynched by a mob near Baskett Mills, S. C., for an attempted assault on a white woman.

The St. Charles college at Grand Coteau, La., together with a large and valuable library, was destroyed by fire.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Prohibitionists of the Fourth district in Michigan nominated Rev. James Hamilton, of St. Joseph, for congress.

Wisconsin republicans will meet in Milwaukee March 21 to select delegates at large to the national convention.

Platt, Depew, Roosevelt and Odell will be New York delegates at large to the national republican convention.

John V. Storm, 99 years and two months old, died at Fishkill, N. Y.

Arkansas republicans will meet in Little Rock March 20 to elect delegates to the national convention.

Illinois prohibitionists will hold their state convention in Chicago June 26.

Gen. Edward C. Williams died at his home near Shamokin, Pa., aged 88 years. He was the first volunteer to be mustered into the service of the union in the civil war.

Miss Sarah Porter, head of the famous school at Farmington, Conn., known as Miss Porter's school, died at the age of 85 years.

Judge Richard A. Buckner, the oldest and one of the most famous lawyers of Kentucky, died in Lexington, aged 86 years.

FOREIGN.

Lord Roberts has succeeded in pushing a considerable British force over the border into the Orange Free State. Gen. Cronje's army seems in considerable danger. The latest news causes fresh hope to rise in the minds of the British.

Four well-to-do residents of Mont Carmel, Can., were killed by the cars at a crossing near Three Rivers.

England is filled with joy by the news of the relief of Kimberley by Gen. French's flying column. Lord Roberts thinks the Boers have left that part of the country, but in some quarters Gen. Cronje is thought to have deliberately allowed Gen. French to enter Kimberley so as to cut him off from communication with his commander in chief.

Five thousand Filipinos attacked the American garrison at Daraga, island of Luzon, at night, but were put to rout after burning the town.

Brig. Gen. Alfred E. Bates and Brig. Gen. Bell, with the Fortieth and Forty-fifth infantry and Keeler's battery started from Manila to drive the rebels out of the province of Camarines.

Jude Philippe, an employee of the French ministry of marine, is charged with selling secrets of the French government to a foreign power. He has escaped.

A census of Manila shows a population of 190,000, including 31,000 Chinese.

In eight months 13,000 Japanese have emigrated to Hawaii.

Dispatches received in London report fierce fighting was in progress between the armies of Gen. Kelly-Kenny and Gen. Cronje. Gen. Cronje was falling back on Bloemfontein. Advances from Natal indicated that the Boers were shifting about Ladysmith and were preparing to either divide forces in order to meet the new movements inaugurated by Gen. Roberts or to abandon the siege of Ladysmith altogether.

LATER.

The time in the United States senate on the 19th was spent in debate on the right of congress to extend or withhold the constitution to territory acquired by the United States. In the house a resolution was adopted calling upon the secretary for information regarding the charges of Mr. Macrum, ex-consul to Pretoria. The bill to abolish the use of one-sixth and one-eighth barrels in handling beer was passed and debate upon the Porto Rican tariff bill was begun.

Mrs. Hasbrouck celebrated her one hundredth birthday at her home in Oshkosh, Wis.

At a meeting in Lincoln, Neb., of the populist national committee a split occurred over fusion, those against withdrawing and calling a national convention at Cincinnati, O., May 9.

Adele Brooke (colored) died in Chicago, aged 100 years.

Dr. Shaler Granby Hillyer, the oldest and best-known Baptist minister in Georgia, died in Atlanta, aged 91. He had been preaching 68 years.

The schooner Hardcastle capsized at Roanoke Marshes, Va., and six of the crew were drowned.

The Illinois supreme court says that the Associated Press cannot prevent its members from obtaining news from any sources it may choose.

Fire swept away the business part of Halls, Tenn.

The barge Oaklands, en route to Providence, R. I., was lost off Barnegat and the crew of four men perished.

The senate of Kentucky in session in Frankfort ratified the action of the secret sessions held the night of January 31, in which William Goebel was declared governor and J. C. W. Beckham lieutenant governor.

During a gale three small vessels were wrecked near Santander, Spain, and 24 seamen drowned.

The Cuban suffrage plan provides that voters must be able to read and write or own \$250 worth of property or have been in the army.

Gibbons & Pinkett's stable in Cleveland, O., was burned and 40 horses perished in the flames.

A rumor was current in London that Gen. Cronje's army had been surrounded. Gen. French having got between the Boer force and Bloemfontein, that reinforcements were being awaited before closing in upon the enemy, and that Gen. Buller had driven the Boers from Monte Christo across the Tugela.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Leading Paris hotels have raised rates from three to nine dollars a day.

Thomas A. Edison, Jr., says he has constructed a safety electric miner's lamp.

In the United States there are 5,427,767 bachelors and 3,224,494 spinsters.

Prof. W. G. Sumner told his class at Yale that 90 per cent. of all marriages are unhappy.

The first woman's club of Porto Rico has been organized by some American women living in Ponce.

The longest span of telegraph wire in the world is that over the River Kistna in India. It is over 6,000 feet long.

The usual output from 100 gold mines in the immediate vicinity of Johannesburg is 15 tons of gold a month.

The largest real estate owner of all American institutions is the University of Texas, which holds over 2,000,000 acres of land.

The annual report of the New York state board of health shows that 13,257 persons died in that state last year of consumption.

More than 17,000 passenger and freight cars and 120 locomotives have been ordered by 20 railroads, the cost amounting to \$13,000,000.

Mrs. Theodore Thomas, of Chicago, has removed her stocks and bonds outside Illinois to escape excessive taxation. Similar action by others is feared.

The late Robert Bonner's mare Sunol was sold at auction in New York to John H. Schultz, of Brooklyn, for \$4,000. Mr. Bonner paid \$41,000 for the animal.

The total exports of coffee from this island of Porto Rico from the date of American occupation to November 30, 1899, was \$3,243,025 pounds, valued at \$6,139,955.

The employees of the Lehigh Valley Coal company in the Hazleton (Pa.) region were notified of another increase of two per cent. in their wages. About 2,000 men are affected.

After nearly half a century of newspaper and literary work in this country Mrs. Jennie June Croly will soon leave for England, the land of her birth, where she intends to pass the remaining years of her life.

NICE OLD QUAKER LADY Cured of Catarrh By Peruna After 20 Years' Suffering.



MRS. POLLY EVANS, A LIFE-LONG FRIEND OF PERUNA.

"My wife (Polly J. Evans) says she feels entirely cured of systemic catarrh of twenty years' standing. She took nearly six bottles of thy excellent medicine, Peruna, as directed, and we feel very thankful to thee for thy kindness and advice. She did not expect to be so well as she is now. Twelve years ago it cured her of la grippe. I want to tell thee there has been a great deal of Peruna used here last winter. Peruna does not need praising. It tells for itself. We can and do recommend it to anyone that is afflicted with catarrh."

As ever, thy friend,

John Evans, South Wabash, Ind.

When catarrh has reached the chronic stage, of course it has gone beyond the reach of all local remedies. Nothing but a systemic remedy can reach it. Peruna is the only remedy yet devised to meet such cases. Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system. It does its work quietly, but surely. It cleanses the mucous

membranes of the whole body. It produces regular functions. Peruna restores perfect health in a natural way. No one should neglect to procure one of Dr. Hartman's free books on catarrh, sent to any address by The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. LUCAS COUNTY, Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Glimpses Across the Sea. The charming title of a charming book from the facile pen of Mr. Sam T. Clover, the well known author and newspaper editor. The "Glimpses" are particularly pertinent just now when so many people are considering about going to the Paris Exposition, and many people will be glad to know that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway has purchased an edition of Mr. Clover's work for distribution. In sending your address for a copy please enclose six cents to pay postage. Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Florida, West Indies and Central America. The facilities of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for handling tourists and travelers destined for all points in Florida, Cuba, Porto Rico, Central America, or for Nassau, are unsurpassed. Double daily lines of sleeping cars are run from Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago and St. Louis through Jacksonville to interior Florida points, and to Miami, Tampa and New Orleans, the ports of embarkation for the countries mentioned. For folders, etc., write J. K. Ridgely, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

An All-Year Spring. The Crescent Hotel, Eureka Springs, Ark., opens March 1, 1900. A most desirable, attractive and convenient resort for health and pleasure seekers. Ideal climate, pure sparkling water, best accommodations. Through Sleepers via Frisco Line. Write for particulars to Manager Hotel or to any representative of Frisco Line.

To the Northwest. Take Wisconsin Central Railway trains, leaving Chicago from Central Station, Park Row and 12th street, Lake Front, for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Nearest ticket agent can give you further information. Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.

Florida and Cuba. Write to J. C. Tucker, G. N. Agent, Big Four Route, 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., for full information as to Low Rate Excursion tickets to all Winter Resorts in the Southeast, via Cincinnati, Louisville, Asheville, Atlanta, Jacksonville and East and West coasts of Florida, as may be desired.

Ignorance is a blank sheet on which we may write; but error is a scribbled one on which we must first erase.—Colton.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Silent neighbors make a desirable neighborhood.—Chicago Daily News.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Colds. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 50 and 60 cents per bottle.

SALZER'S 3 EARED CORN
This new, earliest, corn will revolutionize corn growing, yielding in 2000, in Minnesota, 400 bush. per acre. **BIG FOUR OATS** yields 250 bush. per acre, and you can beat that! **SPELTZ** 60 bush. per acre. Greatest grain and hay food this side of the stars! **BARLEY, BEARDESS**, yields 121 bush. in N.Y. Wonderful! **RAPE 25c. A TON** Gives rich, green food for cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, etc., at 15c. a ton. We sell nine-tenths of the Rape seed used in the U.S. **BROMUS INERMUS** Greatest grass on earth. Grows to perfection in America everywhere. Salzer warrants it! **THE MILLION DOLLAR** potato is the most talked of potato on earth, and Salzer's Seed Weeks! both will make you rich. Largest grower of Potatoes and Farm Seeds in the world. **VEGETABLE SEEDS** Largest, choicest list in U.S. Onion Seed, 50c. lb. Everything warranted to grow. 35 pgs. earliest vegetable, postpaid, \$1.00. **FOR 10c. STAMPS** and this notice, we mail great Seed Catalog and 10 pgs. Farm Seed Novelties. Catalog alone, 5c. postage. [K] **JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE WIS.**

MONEY for OLD SOLDIERS
Union soldiers and widows of soldiers who made homestead entries before June 22, 1874, of less than 160 acres (no matter if abandoned or relinquished) if they have not sold their additional homestead rights, should address, with full particulars, giving district, &c. HENRY H. COFF, Washington, D. C.

PILES
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, relieves the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. **WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT**, CLEVELAND, OHIO.

A Modern Washington

OTHER day our tender read from a history book that told 'Bout George Washington, and said He wuz always gooder'n gold.

Didn't act like boys now does, And he never told a lie; Never said a thing but wuz Honest infun, hope to die; And we fellers wished that we Wuz as good's he uster be.

Teacher read us 'bout that ax That his father gave him, and How George, he skips out and hacks Down a tree to beat the band; And his pa wuz wild, you know, 'Cause 'twuz a expensive tree, But George couldn't lie and so He just sez: "Yes, pa, 'twuz me"— And his pa, he almos' cried, He's so glad George hadn't lied.

Well, last night I wanted some Marmalade down off the shelf In the pantry—it wuz plum— And I thought I'd help myself. Then—'twuz just my mean, old luck— Hit a jar I hadn't seen, Down it went, and, course, it struck Right on top the soup tureen. Goodness sakes! Don't say a word! Worstest smash you ever heard.

Well, I just skipped out of that— Heard pa comin' on the run— Might a-laid it on the cat, But I thought of Washin'ton, And I says: "Now, I won't shirk!" So, when pa had seen the mess, And says: "Sam, is this your work?" Just like George, I answers: "Yes," Golly! what fixed him all right Never worked for me a mite.

What's the use of tellin' more! If your ear had just been pressed Up against our woodshed door, You'd a-found out all the rest. George's pa said, right away: "To my arms, my noble boy!" I went on pa's knee, and say! 'Twuzn't nuthin' to enjoy. Boys that's Washin'tons, gee whis! Need to have a pa like his. —Joe Lincoln, in L. A. W. Bulletin.

A WASHINGTON STORY.

Probably Is Not, But Might Have Been, True.

I HAVE just been reading a note from the diary of Gen. Washington, who will remain until the crack of doom the one great, flawless, dignified hero of the nation, if not of the world. A hero means one who is a brave gentleman all the time.

Says Gen. Washington's diary, June 30, 1785: "Dined with only Mrs. Washington, which I believe is the first instance of it since my retirement from public life." That was 18 months after coming home from his victorious wars. Think of the horror of it! For all that time the inquisitive hero worshippers had been dropping in just about dinner time to say: "How wonderful, really, Mr. Washington! It makes me quite shudder to think of; really and truly it does. Oh, I must kiss your hand!" And poor George would have to be polite and ask them to stay for dinner.

How cozy that little dinner on June 30, 1785, must have been; how homelike at last, when Gen. Washington raised his glass and said: "Martha, my love, your health. That ribbon becomes you vastly. You look too young for a battered old hulk like me."

"George," said Mrs. Washington, "don't dare talk like that! You a battered what-did-you-say! The ideal! Why, not a young man in old Virginia has your figure."

Then she got up and came round the table and kissed him, the cupbearers having withdrawn, and they walked together in the gentle summer afternoon, and his excellency said, as he gathered some cherries: "Why can't people always leave us in peace, Martha? How nice this is. Let's go and look at the pigs."

There were heaps of birthday presents awaiting his excellency, and all the jolly black house servants wished him long life and happiness, and a table was weighed down with 5,000 birthday poems from the 5,000 most promising poets in the country, and there was a heap of newspapers with marked editorials in his praise, and every man who had ever invented anything, from a clockwork clambaker (a most curious and amusing contrivance) to a basal all, sent the general one, and to a basal all, sent the general one, and every man, woman and child who had written a book, even if not published, sent a copy to George Washington. Yes, everybody sent him a present and wished him joy, and most of them wished something for themselves in return.

Certainly George Washington should have been happy with all these beautiful, costly things; but somehow he slipped to the attic and left all the gifts and looked at the little hatchet his father had given him years and years ago, and he said, as he put it back: "When was I happier, then or now?"

Then the visitors came, very old men, who told him he could never hope to live as long as they, for they had constitutions like iron, and he must enjoy himself before it was time to give him a state funeral; and very old ladies who had known his father and called him "George," and very young misses who trembled so they could hardly utter the words of congratulation they had learned by heart. And there was one mainly little rascal who rode on his pony bearing his grandfather's compliments, and pushed straight at the hero, crying: "Gen'ral, grandpa's compymens, happy returns, mine, too. General, I want to know, grandpa says you're a hero, and I want to be a hero, too, when I'm grown up. Can't I, please? Grandpa says not to talk nonsense. It isn't nonsense, is it, general? Can't I be a hero when I'm grown big?"

Big Washington stooped and lifted the child—did you ever know a hero that didn't love children?—and kissed his cheek and whispered:

"None of us can be great or good without God's blessing. To be a hero you must be good as great. So pray first and always that God will make you good."

The little enthusiast looked deep and grave into the general's eyes, suddenly kissed the kind mouth hard, said: "I will," and, sliding down, rode off with his groom—always a better man for that caressing whisper.

When it was still long from the state festival dinner George Washington slipped away from the crowd at the house and wandered off by himself, though with great dread that some pale young man should jump out from a bush and fire a birthday ode at him.

Now he was off Mount Vernon farm, and by a lane away from the main road. In the corner of the lane, in a most deserted, newly-cleared spot, about 50 feet back in the bushes, was the newest of tiny cottages, with unpainted walls, and rough timbers, and a newly-laid-out garden at the back. George Washington looked from the wood through which he was wandering, and paused.

"That was not there when I had time before the war to run about," said he.

pert, bright-eyed, snub-nosed young rogue of seven sitting on the table.

"I wish you good morning, ma'am," said the general.

"Good morning, sir," said the maiden, with a frightened courtesy.

"Halloa!" said Master Pert, seizing a carving knife. "Where did you come from? Are you a friend of King George?"

"I am a true—"

"You're not an Englishman?"

"I am a—"

"You're not a royalist?"

"I—"

"Because if you were I'd have to kill you, that's all."

"Be quiet, Jack; you're very rude," said his sister, reprovingly. "Please sir; he's only a little boy, and sometimes they're a little vexing, but he's a good boy. Is there anything I can do for you, sir?"

"If it were not too much trouble, a glass of water—"

"Oh, certainly," said the willing housewife, and ran off. Up came Jack and stood very erect in front of the visitor.

"I do believe," said the little boy, "you're the biggest man I ever saw. Ain't you?"

"How could I tell you that, Master Jack?"

"Are you bigger than my father? Do you know my father? My father's a big man, bigger than me a good deal. My father's just come to live here and farm. Do you live near here? Were you in the war? Did you kill any Englishmen? Did you get hurt?"

My father fought in the war and got a bullet through his nose. It makes him look awful funny. You've a big nose. A boy hit me on the nose once, and it bled awful. I guess your nose would bleed lots, wouldn't it? Oh, what a nice chain. Won't you show me your watch? Oh, what a nice watch—will you show me the inside?"

"After," said the general, with his arm gently round the child, "after we've given up thinking of going fishing, and brought the water for sister, and chopped some wood."

Jack looked quite startled and

time. He brought water; he mended the window latch; he planned out a flower bed. He was thoroughly happy in the merry company of these children, who only thought him a passing, unusually good-natured stranger. But at last he went, with a grimace at the thought of all the laced and silken crowd waiting for him.

The two children, quite brightened by his presence, worked about busily, and played about merrily, and made things pleasant for father at sundown.

But an hour before sundown came riding by two people who called themselves gentlemen, but nobody really thought them so. They had been merry-making, and one man's horse had lost a shoe, and his drunken dignity was such that he must pause at the cottage to send for a blacksmith to come to him or else have his horse led to the blacksmith's while he waited. It was evident that the dwellers at the cottage were poor folks, and these gentlemen felt assured their lordly orders would be obeyed. Now, Miss Martha was civil, if frightened, but Master Jack was sullen, and when the young, wine-heated man bade him lead the horse or fetch the smith, Jack flatly refused to do either.

"What, what! You'll be paid," shouted the owner of the horse. "Come, young mistress, have you no wine for weary travelers?"

"Indeed, no, sir," said Martha, "but further on the post road—"

"I'll go no further on the post or any other road. Haste now, Flibbertigibbet, and do as you are told."

"I'll stay here and protect my sister," said Jack, "as my father bade me."

"Ha, ha! A brave protector! But in truth a pretty sister. Come, my dear, let me also be a brother—"

He staggered up, and Jack—Jack flew at his throat like a terrier. The girl screamed, the other man raised his riding whip and struck down on the boy. Jack yelled from rage and anguish, but clung to the choking throat, never heeding the first blows rained on him. The cottage was in a dreadful uproar; when in rushed the stranger of the morning, and it is said—but you need not believe it unless you want to—he used a dreadfully bad word. Those two foolish young men never were in such trouble before. In George Washington's great right arm swung one of them, helpless, and in the left another, and bump, bump, lumpy bump, went the two empty, foolish, braggart, blackguard heads, cracking against each other like coconuts on a tree in a storm. When they were almost senseless the general laid them down with force and thrashed them with their own whips, and so mangled and maltreated and mashed them that, when at last they got to their knees and begged for mercy, their own loving mammies would have indignantly repudiated them as being offspring of theirs. In the meantime Jacky Pert danced about cheering on his new friend, and Martha sobbed in a corner, hiding her face and begging "Mr. George," for so the general had called himself, not to kill anybody, and not to get hurt himself. And then the general threw aside his whip and made the rascals stand up before him, but they could only face that raging, righteous eye with bowed heads and bowed knees.

"Gen. Washington," they mumbled, "please let us go. It—it was only the wine. There was no harm done."

He waved them out, but the mischief was done. At the words "Gen. Washington" little Jack's jaw dropped and he shook like a felon at the thought that he had threatened to kill the best and greatest man in that or any other country. Martha dropped to her knees, but the general made her rise and accept the birthday gift he had run to Mount Vernon and back to get for her. Still, it was not the same, and the general felt saddened as he went homeward, just as everybody has felt saddened because he could not be a boy again.

"However," said he to himself, with a smile, as he was dressing for the ball in the evening, "I have not had so much fun on a birthday since I chopped up that old cherry tree."—Edgerton Davis, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Martha Washington at Valley Forge. The part which Martha Washington played at Valley Forge has, indeed, seldom received the credit which it deserves as an example of the virtues of the women of the revolution. No soldier's wife was more faithful to her husband in the midst of his perils and hardships than simple-hearted Martha Washington, one of the richest women of the colonies. She visited the sick and suffering in their huts; she braved the dangers of the smallpox; she patched trousers, knitted socks and made shirts for the men, and his "dear Fatsy," as the big general used to call his plump and pleasant little wife, kept the ladies of the camp busy, when they called on her at the stone house, sewing for the soldiers.—William Perrine, in Ladies' Home Journal.

Kept His Powder Dry. According to his custom, Gen. Joubert preached a sermon yesterday, but he had a man detailed in the meanwhile, says the Chicago Record, to see that the powder did not get rained on.

MICHIGAN BANKS.

Annual Report of the State Banking Commissioner Furnishes Some Interesting Statistics.

The annual report of State Banking Commissioner Maltz is ready for submission. The report says:

There are 188 state banks and three trust companies doing business in the state. During the year the following seven state banks, with the capital indicated, were organized: Athens State and Savings bank, Athens, \$15,000; State Bank of Ontonagon, \$15,000; Old State bank, Fennville, \$15,000; Brown City Savings bank, Brown City, \$20,000; Quincy State bank, Quincy, \$20,000; Eaton County Savings bank, Charlotte, \$25,000; Benton Harbor State bank, Benton Harbor, \$50,000. This makes an increase of banking capital of \$100,000.

Not a single bank became insolvent during the year. The Charlevoix State bank of Charlevoix and the Commercial and Savings bank of Saginaw went into voluntary liquidation by a vote of their stockholders, and the latter is being liquidated through the Bank of Saginaw.

Since the organization of the state banking department in 1890 the business has shown a wonderful growth, the increase in deposits during that period being \$71,845,147.78, and the increase in loans, \$63,212,569.56. During the past year the deposits in state banks increased \$14,080,482.17, and the loans \$14,891,733.45. On December 2, 1899, the date of the last call for a report, the amount of cash in the state banks was \$22,440,868.74, and in the national banks, \$16,969,324.53, a total of \$39,410,433.27.

The dividends paid by state banks in 1899 aggregated \$845,065, and the increase in the surplus fund was \$221,303. The average dividend rate on capital and surplus for the year was 5 1/2 per cent, and on capital alone 6 2/3 per cent.

The total number of depositors in the state banks, trust companies and national banks of Michigan at the close of the year was 381,768.

The commercial deposits of the state banks aggregated \$36,772,566.64, an average of \$472 per depositor, while the savings deposits aggregated \$62,660,212.66, an average of \$290 per depositor. The deposits of the national banks aggregated \$19,920,532.07, an average of \$571 per depositor. The total of all the banks of the state, therefore, was \$149,353,311.37, an average of \$391 per depositor.

The fees collected by the banking department for the year amounted to \$11,768.38, and the total expenses for salaries and printing, \$15,098.82.

THE BOYS LIKE HIM.

An Old Colored Man Who Lives Near Olivet Is a Favorite with the College Students.

"Uncle William" Lockett, who lives on the outskirts of Olivet, is a great favorite with college students, and has been made an honorary member of the Phi Alpha Pi. fraternity. Lockett's parents were slaves, the property of Russell Craig, of Lexington, Ky. The slave owner was a hard master, and Lockett yet bears the marks of ill-treatment he received at Craig's hands. Lockett has been spread-eagled and whipped until life was almost extinct. Another form of torture was to stretch him across a barrel, with weights on his feet and hands, while his master applied the lash.

The Lockett family was broken up in 1863, and "Uncle William" never got a trace of his parents or his brothers and sisters afterward. He ran away from his new owner and joined the union army, and participated in the fighting at Knoxville. He came to Olivet at the close of the war.

CUPID USES CARDS.

Very Pretty Valentines in a Style Based on Uncle Sam's Postals Pass Through Detroit Post Office.

The recent law which permits business houses to print and issue private mailing cards for advertising purposes on the same plan as the postal card, has been taken advantage of by makers of valentines, and this year quite a number of novel postal cards passed through the Detroit post office. One is about the size of the ordinary postal card. On its face there is the legend, "Cupid's Private Mailing Card," in big red letters. Just below is "Authorized by the Court of Love," in smaller letters. At the bottom, where there runs a similar line on ordinary postal cards, is "The Loved One's Address Only on this Side." Where a stamp is usually placed is a very pretty head. On the reverse is an appropriate verse, in a wreath of be-ribboned hearts.

THE ICE FAILED.

Citizens Capture One of Two Thieves Who Sought to Cross a River at South Rockwood.

Two burglars entered the big store of ex-Lieut. Gov. Strong, of South Rockwood, and ransacked the entire store. Their presence was made known by a burglar alarm connected with Mr. Strong's house, and he summoned his neighbors and led an armed party to the store. The burglars jumped through a rear window, taking out both sash and glass. Riley Burgess, with shotgun, was awaiting them. A fight ensued, and James Murphy, of Wyandotte, one of the fugitives, was shot in the left hip. He started to run across the river, but the ice broke and he was captured. His wound is not dangerous.

An Old Bible.

John Surbeck, a grocer at Hancock, is the possessor of an almost priceless heirloom. It is a German Bible published in 1722. On the title page in old letters is the announcement of the translator, a name to conjure with in the Protestant world, no less than Dr. Martin Luther.



"WHAT A MAN YOU'D BE AROUND THE HOUSE!"

"Who can they be? They're not Africans. Oh, no!"

For from the house came a bright voice that was certainly Virginian.

"Now, Jack," said the voice, "you must not be so lazy, because there is ever so much to do before father comes home."

"I ain't lazy, Martha," said another voice, unmistakably the shrill one of a boy. "I'm doing what dad said—I'm looking after you, and protecting you."

"Oh, Jack, do you call eating raisins and sitting on the table protecting me?"

"Well, it is. If anyone was to come round now to hurt you, even King George himself, wouldn't I be ready to kill him?"

"Well," said Martha, with a laugh, "I don't expect King George this morning. Our George, bless him—"

"Hooray!"

"Has boxed his ears. But there is work to be done."

"I don't see any."

"You are looking only at the raisins. How do you expect to eat if you don't work? And how am I to get supper for daddy in the evening?"

"Oh, I have thought of that. I'll go fishing, and you'll fry them."

"Oh, and who would protect me while you're fishing, please?"

"You can come, too, if you won't always call out: 'Mind you don't fall in.'"

"Be good, Jack, and fetch me some water from the well, and chop a little firewood."

The general had been listening and chuckling. Always the sound of children's voices brightened his eyes. Now he suddenly stepped up to the open door of the little new house and bowed. He was dressed very plainly for his muddy walk, and his boots were spattered, and he looked quite plain and homely. He saw a neat little woman

turned red. The big, kind, yet firm eyes looked into Master Pert's and Master Pert stuffed his knuckles into the corners.

"Toot, toot," said the general, "come, I'll help you."

So the gray-eyed, pleasant-faced little girl, coming back, found the father of his country breaking up wood at a great rate, while her little brother was laughingly gathering chips.

"Oh, sir," said Martha, with amazement, "what a man you'd be around the house!"

And she was still more amazed at the effect her words had upon the stranger, who dropped the ax and threw his head back with quite a roar of laughter, until, for the pure happiness of it, little Jack and Martha laughed too.

"I like you," said Jack, grabbing the general's hand as they went into the house. "Come and see us often and I'll show you where the best fishing place is."

"My father would be glad to welcome you, sir," said the courtly maiden. "His business takes him away just now almost every day, but in the spring—"

"I thank you kindly," said the general. "And as I live near here, I hope I shall be friends with my new neighbors. But this is milk?"

"I thought you'd like it better than water, sir. And please try these cakes, which I made this morning, because—"

"Cause it's her birthday," cried Jack. "She's 13 and I'm seven."

"Now that is a happy coincidence," said the general, "because it is also my birthday. I beg to wish you many happy returns of the day."

And he bowed very low, and she bobbed her very best courtesy, and Jack cried out:

"You look so you was dancing."

Time was getting on, but the general was loath to go. He was enjoying himself for the first time in a long

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1900.

Mrs. Catt has been elected president of the National American Women's Suffrage Association. What's in a name, anyway?

The Dexter Leader puts forward the name of Byron C. Whitaker, supervisor of Scio, as the candidate for register of deeds on the Democratic ticket.

The Manchester Enterprise says: "Washtenaw county is to be congratulated on having such an excellent and persistent judge of probate as Judge Newkirk to look after its interests." So say we, all of us.

It is somewhat curious that congressmen, who are most fearful lest in some way life tenure in the civil service should be established, are the very men who are most insistent on being re-elected by their constituents.

As Attorney General Griggs idea in New York, the other day, it is hard to understand why the presence of our flag anywhere should give offence to Americans, while all the rest of the world is content to welcome it.

Judge Sherman B. Daboll, of St. Johns, was elected chairman of the Republican state central committee at the meeting held in Detroit yesterday. The spring convention to choose delegates to the national convention will meet in Detroit, May 3.

Senator McMillan has introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the construction of a revenue cutter of the third class for service on Saint Mary's River, Michigan, for the purpose of protecting the revenue and enforcing the rules of navigation on that river.

The President has courteously informed the W. C. T. U. that the decision of the Attorney General that the army canteen was not abolished by Congress, must be accepted. Only Congress has power to overthrow the canteen system, and the President cannot act until it does.

The members of the board of state auditors have assured Sheriff Porter that the state of Michigan will pay a reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of ex-Quartermaster General White. While White's tracks have become somewhat cold, it is still believed that he will be brought to justice.

The Michigan Club banquet at Detroit last evening was a notable affair. Five hundred and twenty-four guests were present besides the 16 seated at the speakers' table, who comprised men who have given their country and their party eminent service in different ways. The general trend of the speeches made was expansion.

The finance bill has passed the Senate at last and has gone to a conference of the two houses. An agreement should be reached and ratified within two weeks. After that it will be impossible for Mr. Bryan to throw the country on a silver basis even if he should be elected and should carry the House with him. Only the capture of all branches of the government can repeal this law.

The superintendents of the poor in Branch county have inaugurated a crusade against the selling of liquor to men whose families are being supported by the county. That's a pretty good scheme and has an element of practicability about it that should recommend it to other counties besides Branch county. How would it strike the superintendents of poor of this county to inaugurate such a crusade?

BUSINESS MEN'S SOCIAL

It Was One of the Most Successful Events of the Season.

Supper was served to 316 people at the social given by the Business Men's Class in the Congregational church last evening, and everybody, the ladies in particular, were united in their praise of the manner in which the men did their work. Everything moved like clockwork under the able direction of the heads of the different committees and the service was perfect.

The decorations were fine and it is safe to say the church building never looked prettier. The body of the church was festooned in white, the O. E. room in red, and red portiere curtains separated the two rooms, while palms, plants and flowers were liberally scattered around the room. The dining room was decorated in red, white and blue. The culinary department was presided over by four experienced chefs, and the important part of dishwashing was under equally able and energetic management.

A short program in which R. B. Waltrous and Frank Storms gave some good recitations, George H. Kempf and R. A. Snyder sang solos, and Miss Nellie Lowry gave a piano solo, was rendered during the evening. The net receipts were \$42.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Stimson's drug store.

Circuit Court Jurors.

The following is a list of the jurors drawn for the March term of circuit court:

Ann Arbor City—
1st ward—A. V. Robinson.
2nd ward—George Dengler.
3rd ward—Wm. Clancy.
4th ward—Spencer Crawford.
5th ward—George H. Rhodes.
6th ward—Lyndner Miller.
7th ward—Horace Danforth.
Ann Arbor Town—George Warren.
Augusta—Milo Smith.
Bridgewater—Solomon Tate.
Dexter—Willis N. Johnson.
Freedom—Edwin Kuhl.
Lima—Daniel Wacker.
Lodi—Emanuel Luckard.
Lyndon—John Visel.
Manchester—Albert Hall.
Northfield—Delbert Poley.
Pittsfield—Todd Chandler.
Salem—Charles Colder.
Saline—Michael Alber, jr.
Scio—Edward Buss.
Sharon—John T. Feldkamp.
Superior—Lawrence Whalen.
Sylvan—John M. Mohrlock.
Webster—James McCall and Wm. Johnson.
York—Theodore Jossenbans.
Ypsilanti Town—John Groves.
Ypsilanti City—
1st District—Frank Stowell.
2nd District—Stephen Draper.

Why Work in the Dark.

A housekeeper, who ignores the fact that cooking in all its branches is making long strides, might as well shut out the light of day from her kitchen and try to prepare her meals in the dark. How much there is to learn in the very rudiments of cooking, will be shown for two days beginning Monday, Feb. 26, at noon, at L. T. Freeman's store, and Wednesday afternoon and Thursday at Glazier & Stimson's store, where a scientific pastry cook will demonstrate the value to every household of None Such food specialties. It is scientific cooking, to be sure, and of pastry cooking exclusively, but at the same time it is simplicity itself. Beginners and experts can learn something at these demonstrations. They are free.

Maud—Is 5 and 30 too old to hope for improvement? I should say not. One just begins to live. Take Rocky Mountain Tea. You'll be blooming fair at 60. Ask your druggist.

Horse Clipping

Done in a satisfactory manner with a brand new improved machine, promptly and at reasonable rates by

LEHMAN & MOHRLOCK.

Leave orders at Hirth & Lehman's blacksmith shop.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as Managers in this and other counties. Salary \$300 a year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. It is enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago.

INSTITUTE A SUCCESS

Continued from First Page.

at the factories, how the weight and value of the beets were reckoned, and of the experiments that had been made at the Agriculture college.

Music by the Mandolin Club followed, after which a discussion of the sugar beet question was had, which brought out the fact that farmers in this section are not favorable to sugar beet culture. This closed the afternoon session.

Nathaniel W. Laird presided at the evening session, which opened with prayer by Rev. C. S. Jones, followed with a solo by Miss Pauline Burg, accompanied by Miss Edith Congdon, and a selection of instrumental music by Miss Nellie Lowry, and a recitation by Mrs. R. B. Waltrous, entitled, "A Lecture on Woman." The Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club quintet, Mrs. R. B. Waltrous, Miss Abbie Chase, Mrs. George Chapman, Mrs. Herman Fletcher and Mrs. Morgan Emmett, accompanied Miss Nellie Lowry, next gave a vocal selection. Then came the paper of the evening on "Economy," by Mrs. Thomas Fletcher. The lady roasted the gentlemen to a turn as being poor economizers and extolled the gentler sex for their capabilities in economy. The discussion was led by Mrs. F. Storms, of Lima, who gave some good ideas on what economy without nigardiness consisted of. Mark A. Lowry followed with a short paper on the same subject, then the discussion became an impromptu one in which George Boynton, Rev. C. S. Jones, Rev. F. A. Stiles and others took part. Another selection of music by the Club followed and brought the evening session to a close.

Saturday morning session was presided over by Charles D. Johnson, of Dexter and after prayer by Rev. F. A. Stiles and music by the Lima Farmers' Club was devoted to the discussion of "The sheep industry of Michigan." Roscoe M. Wood, of Saline, read the excellent paper which opened one of the most animated discussions of the whole institute. It was led by M. L. Raymond, of Sharon.

The committee appointed to nominate the officers for the ensuing year presented its report and all its recommendations were concurred in as follows:

President—G. T. English, Sylvan.
Secretary—Arlington Guerin, Lima.
Treasurer—Charles D. Johnson, Dexter.
1st vice president—N. W. Laird, Sylvan.
2nd vice president—A. J. Easton, Lima.
3rd vice president—M. L. Raymond, Sharon.
Committee—E. J. Daniels, Dexter; Charles Canfield, Lyndon; Frank Dwelle, Grass Lake.

A. H. Wilson was the presiding officer of the Saturday afternoon session. After a selection of music by the Mandolin Club George T. English, of Sylvan, read a well prepared paper on "Farm organization and its influence on legislature." The discussion was led by A. J. Easton, of Lima. The male quartette gave a selection after which E. W. Crafts, of Sharon read a paper on "Our country schools." The clergymen of Chelsea, Revs. C. S. Jones, J. I. Nickerson and F. A. Stiles, ably discussed the question. Judge Newkirk, of Ann Arbor being in the audience was called for. He told two or three good stories and made a few brief remarks, after which the session was brought to a close.

During this session in one of the discussions John C. Sharpe, of Jackson, took occasion to criticize the action of the prison board in giving the contract for supplying the state prison with meat to Armour, of Chicago, in place of giving it to Jackson parties. This called H. S. Holmes to his feet, who defended the action of the board and stated that in conducting the business of the state he did as he would with his own private business, made a saving wherever he could. The contract with Armour saved the taxpayers between \$2,500 and \$3,000 a year. Mr. Sharp contended that taking the contract out of the state meant a loss to the farmers in selling their stock. Mr. Holmes disputed this statement also. The debate ended here by the chairman calling the meeting to order.

It was nearly 8 o'clock when President Burkhart called the evening session to order. The hall was packed to overflowing and many could not get in at all. Governor Pingree and A. F. Freeman, of Manchester, who were to be the speakers of the evening had arrived on the Grand Rapids train, which was late, and this occasioned the delay.

The Mandolin club played a selection and prayer was offered by Rev. George B. Marsh.

Governor Pingree was then introduced and spoke on the subject of "Equal Taxation." The governor prefaced his speech by saying he had been trying to carry out what the people asked him to do. The people demanded equal taxation. He had worked for it and proposed to keep

on. In regard to the military deal, he said that he did not think anybody believed him to be mixed up in this matter. The state will not lose a dollar, he said. The trust company and the Henderson Ames Co. are responsible. He thanked the association for this chance to talk to them. There are men, he said, who would not invite him.

Following the governor's speech came a solo by George E. Davis, an instrumental duet by Miss Nellie Lowry, violin, and Mrs. Herman Fletcher, piano, and a selection by the male quartet, which was heartily enforced.

A. F. Freeman, of Manchester, was then introduced and spoke on "The scope of the tax commissioner." He said the tax commission is the head of the state assessment system. Properties, he said, should be placed on the rolls at its uniform cash value, the only way of obtaining equality in taxation. The scope of the tax commission is to correct this evil.

Resolutions favoring the equal taxation of railroads, mines and telephone and telegraph companies at their ad valorem value and continuing the fight till such a result should be attained were unanimously adopted.

His address brought to a close this most successful institute.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents per box. Sold by Stimson.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Chelsea, Feb. 17, 1900:

Capt. Albino.
Wellington Furness.
J. S. Waldron.
Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, P. M.

LOST—Somewhere in Chelsea Saturday morning, a pair of nose glasses with gold bows. Finder please leave at the Herald office and confer a favor.

WANTED to buy on contract between now and March 20, 700 first class high grade Rambouillet and Delaine ram lambs from the coming spring's crop. CHARLES THOMPSON, Dexter.

FOR SALE—A quantity of pure Clover Seed. W. K. Guerin. 29

STRAYED on the premises of George Liebeck, in Sylvan, a spotted fox hound, with black back, red ears and half black tail. Owner please call, pay expenses, and take the animal away. 23

LOST—A short time ago on Middle street between East street and Wm. Campbell's place on West Middle street, a pair of black leather slippers. Finder please leave at Herald office.

POULTRYMEN—I can supply you Strong, Fertile Eggs from Standard Bred Stock at a very reasonable price. Write for catalogue. G. S. Oliver, care Toledo Poultry Farm, Toledo, O.

GEORGE E. DAVIS,
Everybody's Auctioneer.
Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD office. Auction bills furnished free.

Logs Wanted.

For first class White Oak Logs delivered at Chelsea, I will pay \$15.00 per 1,000 feet.

For clear Second Growth White Hickory, delivered at Chelsea, \$16.00 per 1,000.

D. SHELL.

CALL AT THE Chelsea Wagon and Buggy Works

FOR A

Quick Job of Repairing.

Done mostly by machinery it means quicker work and done for less money.

Do not fail to call when in need of a Cutter or Bobsleigh for they must be sold.

A. G. FAIST, Manager.

LOW EXPENSES

Make it easy for us to undersell all competition—quality for quality.

Style, workmanship and fit guaranteed.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

Merchant Tailor.



TONGUE TICKLERS

Are not scarce here. Our store is full of articles that can lay claim to the title. Our assortment of edibles consists entirely of high class goods. We are always raising the standard of quality, but a heavy downward pressure is brought to bear on prices.

We Offer:

A first class syrup at 25 cents a gallon.

The finest pancake flour at 10 cents a sack.

Fancy breakfast bacon at 10 cents a pound.

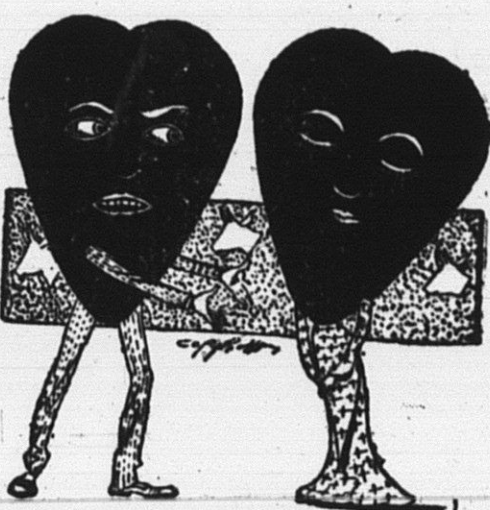
Nice, ripe, sweet Navel oranges at 13 cents a doz.

A fine line of pickles and bottled goods.

The choicest brands of sweet corn, peas, tomatoes, etc., are in our stock, and within reach of all.

Another lot of fine, new California prunes, 500 pounds, at 5 cents a pound.

FREEMAN'S



HEART TO HEART TALKS

with your neighbors and friends will soon reveal who deals at

EPPLER'S MARKET

and who doesn't.

There is no complaint from our customers. The meat we supply is cut from young stock and is tender and delicious. Costs us a little more than the ordinary kind, but our customers pay only usual prices.

ADAM EPPLER.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

We Have Opened Our First Big Lot of Spring Purchases.

In our Dry Goods Department we are showing:
pieces of new, fine Printed Dimities at 15c a yard.
new White Piques, in fancy woven and plain welts, an especially nice quality, at 45c and 50c a yard.
cheaper qualities, but just as pretty, at 33c, 30c, 25c and 19c yd.
Embroidery Edges and Insertions, just right to use on these Piques for Waists and Skirts.
Nearly all dry goods retailers got out of White Piques last season and could get no more. Our assortment now is very complete, and the prices are absolutely right. Would advise customers to make selections now, they'll surely be no cheaper.

New Carpets.
New Lace Curtains,
New Shoes.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

J. J. RAFTREY,
Glass Block Tailoring Parlors.

We are showing our large and elaborate stock of
Woolens for Fall and Winter Wear,
Embracing all the late staples and novelties in Suitings,
Top Coatings, and Odd Trousers at the right prices.

We Make and Remodel Ladies' Jackets and Wraps....
kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods cleaned and refaced by the latest improved machinery.
J. J. RAFTREY, The Tailor.

HOUSE,
SIGN AND
CARRIAGE

PAINTING
PAPER HANGING
A SPECIALTY.

work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

HARRINGTON & LEACH,
Paint Shop over A. G. Faist's Wagon Shop.

MARGAINS

—IN—
ALL DEPARTMENTS....

moves at Closing Out Prices.

CROCKERY AND FURNITURE CHEAP.

HOAG & HOLMES.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Today is Washington's Birthday and the schools are closed.
Thomas Cassidy has sold his property on Madison street to Ben Huehl for \$950.
Congressman Smith has secured a \$17 pension for Thomas M. Straw, of Holt, formerly of this village.
A special meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., will be held Feb. 28 for initiation. Please remember the collection.
The Knights of Pythias will have their annual banquet at their hall this evening. Big preparations for the event are being made.
Many citizens of Manchester would like to build some new homes, but the high price of lumber has a tendency to make them wait.
Theodore Wedemeyer has rented his farm in Lima and will move to Chelsea to live. He will be in the employ of the Glazier Stove Co.
Let everybody remember that the seats in the new M. E. church are all free, and all are welcome and asked to attend all the services next Sunday.
Chelsea has been quite metropolitan this week in its multiplicity and variety of entertainments. Not one evening in the week but there is one or two things going on.
The Lyndon cheese factory will start up again next month. The new house to be occupied by Alex. Reed, the cheese maker, and his family is now in process of construction.
Those who intend to do horseshoeing should take out certificates at once. Up to March 22, they can register by paying a \$3 fee, after that date they must take an examination and pay the fee also.
There will be special services at St. Mary's church next Wednesday morning, it being Ash Wednesday, the beginning of the Lenten season. During that period there will be special services every Friday morning.
On account of the dedicatory services at the new M. E. church next Sunday, the regular preaching services at the Congregational and Baptist churches will be omitted. All will join with their Methodist brethren in celebrating the dedication of their new church home to the service of God.
The New York Tri-Weekly Tribune, of Jan. 14, contains a fine picture of the champion Shorthorn cow, Mary Abbottsburn 7th, the property of W. A. Boland, Grass Lake. The animal weighs about 2,400 pounds, is six years old, and has taken more prizes than any other cow in Great Britain or America.
The Manchester Enterprise does not hold the L. S. & M. S. motive power as being of much account to judge by the following: "The flues of the old smoke wagon that draws the morning train south on the Jackson branch, got to leaking last Friday morning and delayed the train here two or three hours. Another engine was sent to draw the train to Adrian."
Mr. Thomas Murphy and Miss Frances Reilly were married at St. Mary's church Tuesday morning in the presence of quite a number of their relatives and friends. Rev. W. P. Considine performed the ceremony. After a wedding breakfast at the home of Mrs. P. Murphy, mother of the groom, the young couple went to their future home in Lyndon, accompanied by the best wishes of their many friends.
A school entertainment was given at the new town hall in Dexter township last evening under the auspices of school district No. 8. Prof. Charles Hoyt, of the Normal College gave a lecture, and Commissioner Lister, and Prof. A. D. DeWitt, of Dexter, also spoke. A quilt and sofa pillow made by the pupils were drawn for, and an oyster supper and social dance followed. Those present had a very enjoyable time.
Rev. F. A. Strough, who gave two illustrated lectures in the Congregational church last year, will again be here under the auspices of the C. E. society, Thursday and Friday evenings of next week, March 1 and 2. Thursday evening he will lecture on "Hawaii and the Philippine Islands," and Friday night on the Dewey celebration in New York. These lectures will be fully illustrated. The first evening admission will be free, the second evening an admission fee of 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children will be charged.
On the evening of Friday, March 16, the anniversary of St. Patrick will be observed by the people of St. Mary's parish, Chelsea, with a musical and literary program and lecture, to be given at the opera house. Rev. Joseph Schrembs, of West Bay City, will deliver the lecture, taking for his subject "Christianity at the Bar of History." An admission fee of 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children will be charged. As Fr Schrembs is a very eloquent speaker his lecture should afford considerable interest and pleasure.

Next Wednesday is Ash Wednesday the opening day of the Lenten season.
A concert and entertainment will be given at the Sylvan M. E. church next Tuesday evening.
U. H. Townsend has moved his boot and shoe repair shop to the basement of the store occupied by A. E. Winans.
Anyone who has a silver quarrer of the date of 1853 with no arrows upon it will be interested to know its market value is \$400.
There will be a meeting of the Baptist Ladies' Aid Society at the home of Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.
James Weir, of Bridgewater, has sold his farm to George Mertz for \$45 an acre, and will move on the Watson farm at the center of the township.
Ann Arbor citizens are enthusiastic for the introduction of manual training into their schools, and it now looks as though such an action will be taken.
The "Uncle Josh" Picture Play Co. will be at the opera house tomorrow evening in the People's Popular Course of entertainments. Season ticket holders are entitled to admission.
The children of the first and second grades had some interesting exercises commemorative of Washington's birthday yesterday afternoon. The program consisted of music and singing appropriate to the occasion.
A musical program, conducted by the teachers of the school assisted by Mrs. McKain, will be given at the town hall on Friday, March 2, at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 cents. This will be a musical treat. Don't fail to attend.
This evening the Chelsea Dramatic Co. will produce John A. Fraser's stirring drama of love and war "Santiago, or the Red, White and Blue." It is under the auspices and for the benefit of the Senior class of the High School.
The Congregational church prayer meeting will be held on Tuesday evening of next week at 7:30 o'clock, instead of Thursday evening. The change is necessitated by Rev. F. A. Strough's lecture which will be given on that date. This prayer meeting will be the regular service preparatory to communion Sunday.
The judge of probate, county agent and poor commissioners, constituting the examining board for the county jail, made their semi-annual examination last Thursday afternoon, and found an improvement in the general condition. There have been 261 prisoners during the past six months, of whom 197 were drunks.
Tomorrow the line and field officers of the First Regiment, M. N. G., will meet in the city of Detroit for the purpose of electing to office one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel and three majors. It is confidently expected that Capt. John P. Kirk, of Ypsilanti, prosecuting attorney of this county, will be elected as one of the majors.
The donation party to Rev. F. A. Stiles at the Baptist church Tuesday evening was well attended and pleasant gathering. The proceeds amounting to over \$100 was ample testimony of the high place in the esteem of the members of his congregation and the citizens generally which Mr. Stiles has acquired during his brief residence among us.
There were 44 deaths in Washtenaw during the month of January. Ann Arbor city had 15, Ypsilanti city 6, Chelsea 2, Manchester village 3, Saline village and Milan 1 each, Ann Arbor town 3, Sharon and Ypsilanti town 2 each, Dexter town, Freedom, Lyndon, Manchester, Salem, Saline, Scio, Sylvan and York 1 each.
Friday's Detroit Free Press said: Parties living in Dexter and Chelsea who owned \$11,000 worth of stock in the New State Telephone Co yesterday sold their holdings for 80 cents on the dollar. It is believed that representatives of the Erie system were the purchasers. This is the biggest sale recorded, as most of the stockholders are anxious to exchange for stock in the Michigan Telephone Co.
The University of Michigan authorities have purchased the old Winchell property on North University avenue, Ann Arbor, in pursuance of the recommendation of President Angell in his annual report, in which he advised the prompt acquisition of the property in the neighborhood of the university, to supply the needs of the future for the rapidly growing institution. The price paid is said to be about \$20,000.
There have been more students conditioned at the U. of M. this semester than ever before. In the law department 250 "cons" were given out. The faculty of the literary department refuse to make known the actual number of conditions imposed by them, but one professor, asked by a delegation of young ladies to take down their names which had been posted as having successfully removed their conditions, said, "There are 64 students who would be glad to see their names up there."

A Snap

You can get a good Home Made
Ginger Snap for 8c per lb.
That is a Snap.

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Where everything is fresh.
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Next door to Hoag & Holmes.
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CAPITAL, \$40,000.
Commercial and Savings Departments. Money
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Physician and Surgeon.
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Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and
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Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat
eye and ear.
Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office
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G. E. HATHAWAY,
Graduate in Dentistry.
A new preparation for extracting that
does not contain cocaine or cause any of
the bad results liable to follow the use of
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Office over Bank Drug Store.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,
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Fine Funeral Furnishings.
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GEO. EDER,
The Parlor Barber Shop.
Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view, I
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.

GEORGE J. CROWELL,
Fire and Tornado
Insurance,
Representing eleven of the best companies
doing business in Michigan. Give me a
call. CHELSEA, MICH.

FRED KANTLEHNER,
Jeweler and Optician.
Having removed to the store in the Boyd
Block, S. Main street, I am prepared to
do all kinds of work in my line as hereto-
fore. Agent for Ann Arbor flour.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M.
Regular Meetings for 1900.
Jan. 9, Feb. 13, March 13, April 10,
May 8, June 12, July 10, August 7, Sept.
4, Oct. 2, Nov. 6. Annual meeting and
election of officers Dec. 4.
THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

Cheap Washing.
Young men working in stores, offices or fac-
tories will do well to get our prices on
underwear, half and get our prices on
we do
WASHING CHEAP.
Bath Rooms in connection.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.
At AVERY'S fine new parlors,
All dental work you find,
With care and skill and beauty
Successfully combined.
Our crown and bridge work ever
Severest critics please,
But persons so disposing,
Can take their choice of these.
Five kinds of plates we offer—
They will attention hold—
Aluminum and rubber,
Watts' metal, silver, gold.
Our local anesthetics,
And nitrous oxide, too,
Will put to flight all terror
Extracting brings to view.
The children at our office
Receive attention all,
So friends who wish a dentist,
Give AVERY a call.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas
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THE PATENT RECORD,
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Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

FIFTH ANNUAL ROUND-UP.

The Michigan Farmers' Institutes Will Hold a Union Meeting in Ann Arbor.

INVITED BY REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY

Complete Programme of the Various Subjects That Will Be Brought Forward for Discussion—Commercial Course Planned—The University Buys More Land.

[Special Correspondence.]

University of Michigan, Feb. 19.—In response to an invitation from the board of regents of the university and the Washtenaw county farmers' institute the fifth annual round-up of the Michigan state farmers' institutes will be held in Ann Arbor Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, February 27 and 28 and March 1 and 2. The institute begins Tuesday afternoon and continues through Friday afternoon. The meetings in the daytime will be in Newberry hall and in the evening in University hall. The programme in full is as follows:

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The Soil.—From the chemist's standpoint, Dr. R. C. Kedzie, Agricultural college; as the bacteriologist sees it, Prof. C. E. Marshall, Agricultural college; maintaining fertility with green manures, Prof. J. D. Towar, Agricultural college; live stock in relation to soil fertility, C. C. Lillie, Coopersville; tillage in theory and practice, Prof. Roland Morrill, Benton Harbor.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Higher Education—Music, University of Michigan Glee club; the university, Dr. James B. Angell; at the state normal schools, Dr. Albert E. Leonard; at the agricultural college, Dr. J. L. Snyder, Agricultural college; music, University of Michigan Glee club. As it appears to the boards of control: Of the university, Hon. H. S. Dean, Ann Arbor; of the normal schools, Prof. E. F. Johnson, Ann Arbor; of the Agricultural college, Capt. Edward P. Allen, Ypsilanti; music.

WEDNESDAY FORENOON.

Farm Crops—Lessons of the year in wheat growing, A. M. Brown, Schoolcraft; lessons of the year in growing corn, E. A. Croman, Grass Lake; results of experiments with legumes, Prof. J. D. Towar, Agricultural college; rotation of crops, A. E. Palmer, Kalamazoo; new helps in potato growing, M. L. Dean, Agricultural college.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Fruit—The new time ideas in fruit growing, Prof. L. H. Bailey, Cornell university; lessons of the year in peach growing, Roland Morrill; present and future of Michigan apples, S. H. Fulton, South Haven; new thoughts on small fruits, J. N. Stearns, Kalamazoo; insecticides, fungicides and spraying, Prof. L. R. Taft, Agricultural college.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Liquid air experiments, Dr. Paul C. Freer, University of Michigan. The trend of agricultural education, Prof. L. H. Bailey, Cornell university; the importance of cooperation in education, Dr. Robert M. Wenley, University of Michigan.

THURSDAY FORENOON.

Visits to the university and to the state normal college at Ypsilanti. Conference of beet sugar manufacturers with Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief chemist of the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Sugar Beets—New solutions to old soil problems, Prof. L. H. Bailey, Cornell university; lessons of the year in sugar production, Dr. H. W. Wiley; the present status of the sugar industry in Michigan, Eugene Fifeid, Bay City.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Farmers' Organizations—Farmers' clubs, A. N. Kimball, Midland; the grange, George B. Horton, Fruit Ridge; the farmer as a business man, A. C. Bird, Agricultural college; the farmer as a citizen, Hon. Cyrus G. Luce, Coldwater; the manufacture of sugar from beets, Dr. H. W. Wiley, Washington, D. C.

FRIDAY FORENOON.

Cattle and Swine—Up-to-date care of the dairy cow, C. C. Lillie; the importance of type in profitable steer feeding, Prof. W. H. Mumford, Agricultural college; silage for fattening steers, John S. Gilbert, Harbor Beach; feeding steers without silage, Hon. William Ball, Hamburg; what style of hogs do the present markets demand?—The bacon hog, J. J. Ferguson, Agricultural college; the packer's choice, E. A. Croman, Grass Lake.

Business meeting of Washtenaw County Farmers' Institute society for the election of officers for ensuing year, etc.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Sheep and Horses—Up-to-date lamb feeding, A. M. Welch, Ionia; breeding fine wools, Peter Vooghts, Pontiac; early lambs, L. W. Oviatt, North Williams; sheep raising on the diversified farm, A. H. Cook, Owosso; the possibilities and essentials of horse breeding in Michigan, Robert Gibbons, Detroit; what type of horse shall the Michigan farmer breed? Prof. H. W. Mumford, Agricultural college; suggestions as to some of the recent diseases of live stock and remedies, Dr. G. A. Waterman, Agricultural college.

THE WOMEN'S SECTION.

Tuesday Afternoon.—The relation of good cooking to the health of the family, Miss Belle Crowe, Agricultural college; instruction in plain sewing in the home, Mrs. J. L. K. Haner, Agricultural college; school hygiene, Dr. Eliza M. Mosher, women's dean of the University of Michigan.

Wednesday Afternoon.—Well-bred children, Mrs. Mary A. Mayo, Battle Creek; habit and manners, Miss Maud R. Keller, Agricultural college; address by Miss Julia King, State Normal college.

Thursday Afternoon.—Visit to the museum, art gallery and women's gymnasium as the guests of Dr. Eliza M. Mosher, women's dean of the university.

Conferences.

The secretaries of the county institute societies will hold three conferences during the round-up. These conferences will be at eight o'clock in the morning in the parlors of the American house. The purpose of the meetings is to afford the secretaries of the several county organizations an opportunity to exchange ideas concern-

ing methods of conducting the county societies.

Chance to Visit Ann Arbor.

On account of the fifth annual round-up of the state farmers' institutes all the railroads in Michigan will sell round trip tickets to Ann Arbor and return at half price. These tickets will be on sale Monday, February 6, and will be good for return up to and including March 3.

Beet Sugar Chemistry.

The demand for beet sugar chemists has been sufficient to make it desirable that the beginning course in that subject be repeated in the spring semester.

Beets for analysis have been freely supplied by the various factories and also by the farmers. Samples of sugars, juices, molasses, etc., have been obtained from the factories, so that the students are given material for analysis under factory conditions.

The advanced students are making some interesting studies of the sugar content of the beet. The juice is expressed under various pressures (as high as 400 atmospheres), and analyses are made both as to sugar content and as to purity.

Analyses are also being made of different portions of beets to determine how the samples should be taken from the beet to insure a representative portion.

During the Christmas vacation P. F. Trowbridge, the instructor in this subject, spent several days in the laboratory of the Bay City Sugar company, investigating the various methods of taring and analyzing.

The chemists and tare masters of the various factories are invited to meet with the sugar chemists of the university and agricultural college in a conference at the chemical laboratory during the meeting of the Michigan state farmers' institute.

Expert Testimony.

The pure food laws of Missouri are at issue in an agreed case in the court of criminal corrections in St. Louis, to be taken to the supreme court. On February 9 and 10 the testimony of the first three witnesses for the state was taken, that of Prof. J. B. Mallett, of the University of Virginia, and of Dr. A. B. Prescott and Dr. V. C. Vaughan, of the University of Michigan. Drs. Mallett and Prescott were in court on January 24 to 26. The testimony of Dr. Prescott related mainly to the chemical questions involved, that of Dr. Vaughan to questions of physiological chemistry, and both had bearing upon the effects of certain mineral matters, when these are added to food. The questions widely concern the public health, and laws are being enacted in one state after another to protect foods against the encroachments of manufacturers.

Two Photographs.

The general library has received as the gift of Miss E. Cora DuPuy, of Ann Arbor, two photographs of the late Simon Pokagon, the last chief of the Pottawatamie tribe of Indians which at one time occupied the south central portion of the southern peninsula of Michigan. The frame around one of the pictures is of birch bark ornamented with porcupine quills. Librarian Davis has secured, to go with the photographs, a copy of Pokagon's book O-gi-maw-kwe Mit-i-gwa-ki (Queen of the Woods), and a copy of the birch bark booklet sold at the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago in 1893.

Buys Land.

The university authorities have purchased the Prof. Winchell property, adjoining the campus. It comprises one-third of a block, and it is understood that the consideration is \$17,000. This is in pursuance of the strong recommendation of President Angell to the board of regents to acquire all property possible, in order to make provision for the future needs of the institution in the extension of the campus.

Commercial Course.

At a meeting of the board of regents the university commercial course, which will begin next fall, was planned. Instruction will be given which will train students for diplomatic and consular duties, for newspaper work, for higher commercial pursuits, for pastoral and philanthropic work, such as social settlements, and for public administration. There will be courses in commercial geography and statistics. No special degree for this work will be given at present, but students will receive credit in the literary department. It will necessitate the addition of an assistant professor, an instructor and several assistants to the faculty.

Original Mormon Bible.

A copy of the original edition of the Mormon Bible printed at Palmyra, N. Y., in 1830, has been presented to the general library by James B. Shearer, of Bay City. The book was formerly in the library of his father, James Shearer, who was a regent of the university during the years 1880-88, and was chairman of the building committee under whose supervision the general library of the university was built.

Many Divorces.

The summary of returns relative to divorces compiled in the Wayne county clerk's office in Detroit shows that 323 divorces were granted during the year 1909. The whole number of petitions for divorce filed during the year was 590. The number of bills pending at the present time is 249.

CRONJE SURROUNDED

His Army of Boers Said to Be in a Tight Place.

British Government Awaits Confirmation Before Official Publication of the News—Another Victory for Buller.

London, Feb. 20.—A member of the cabinet told H. W. Lucy Monday night that the war office had received a telegram announcing that Gen. Cronje was hopelessly surrounded. Mr. Wyndham was beset by anxious members of the house, but would only reply that the government's news was extremely satisfactory. The sole explanation of the government withholding good news is that confirmation and more details are awaited.

The war office message communicated to Mr. Lucy seems to indicate that Lord Kitchener has either got ahead of the Boers or is about to realize his plan, and the war office waits to announce a decisive result.

Movement of the Troops.

The situation as disclosed by correspondents over the Free State border is tantalizing to the public expectation. The elementary facts are that the Boers are trekking eastward toward Bloemfontein, with slow moving baggage trains, and that they are pursued by Lord Kitchener, with Gen. Kelly-Kenny's division. Gen. MacDonald, with the Highlanders, made a forced march to Koodoos Rand ford and on Sunday pushed 20 miles eastward. Gen. French left Kimberley Saturday, going east along the Modder river. Lord Kitchener is trying to outmaneuver and to outflank the Boers, thus checking their retreat, if possible, and driving them back into the hands of MacDonald and French.

Meanwhile Commandant Delarey, with the Boers from Colesberg, is hanging onto the right flank of the British pursuing columns, seeking to delay their movement and so to assist the Boer wagon trains to escape. Students of topography think the Boers will hardly risk a fight until they get into the rough country north of Bloemfontein.

Gen. Buller has achieved a real success seemingly in capturing the range of hills south of the Tugela. It makes more feasible another attempt to relieve Ladysmith.

The queen has sent a direct message to Lord Roberts congratulating him and his troops. Gen. French and Col. Kekewich have been acquainted with their promotions.

Boers Capture Stores.

A Daily Mail correspondent, who was with the British convoy attacked by the Boers at Riet river ford, wires: "Ultimately the British abandoned the convoy, in order not to check the advance. Thus 200 wagons and 600 tons of stores fall into the hands of the Boers, though it is doubtful if they will be able to carry them away."

Methuen at Kimberley.

London, Feb. 20.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Sunday, says: Lord Methuen's force, I learn, has arrived at Kimberley, having got through from Magersfontein without fighting.

British Take Hlangwane Hill.

London, Feb. 20.—The Chieveley correspondent of the Daily News telegraphing Monday says: "We now occupy all the hills to the right of Colenso, on this side of the Tugela, including Hlangwane, which the Boers evacuated last night (Sunday). This capture of Hlangwane hill is of great strategic importance, as the hill commands the flank of the Boer defenses at Colenso. A successful advance and the recapture of the railway may be expected."

A Victory for Buller.

London, Feb. 20.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Gen. Buller:

"Chieveley Camp, Feb. 19.—I yesterday moved around the enemy's flank. The Queens, who had bivouacked on the northern slope of Cingolo, crossed the nek, and supported by the rest of the Second brigade, under Hildyard, assaulted and took the southern end of Monte Christo.

"The Fourth brigade, on the left or western slope, and the Welsh fusiliers, supported by the rest of the Sixth brigade, assaulted the eastern flank of the enemy's position, while the Second brigade cavalry, on the extreme right, watched the eastern slopes of Monte Christo and drove back those of the enemy attempting to escape from our artillery fire. Assaulted by heavy artillery fire on their front flank and attacked on their flank and rear, the enemy made but slight resistance, and, abandoning their strong position, were driven across the Tugela.

"I have taken several camps, a wagon load of ammunition, several wagons of stores and supplies and a few prisoners.

"The weather has been intensely hot and the ground traversed was exceedingly difficult. But the energy and dash of the troops have been very pleasant to see. They have all done splendidly. The work of the irregular cavalry, the Queens, the Scots fusiliers and the rifle brigade was perhaps most noticeable, while the excellent practice of the artillery and naval guns and the steadiness of the gunners, under, at times, very accurate fire, was remarkable. The accurate fire of the naval guns from Chieveley was of great assistance.

"Our casualties are not, I think, many."

Line of Fortresses Broken.

Chieveley, Feb. 20.—The Boers' line of fortresses is broken. The British have achieved a decided success in capturing the enemy's position on Monte Christo. The Boers, however, effectively executed a retreat, removing their guns and convoy wagons. The British had comparatively few casualties.

PARDONS REFUSED.

The State Board Turns Down the Applications of Thirteen Convicts Who Seek Freedom.

The state board of pardons has refused to grant the applications for pardon in the cases of the following convicts:

Edward Lowdall, sent from Wayne, August, 1899, to Jackson for seven years for perjury.

M. E. Bishop, sent from Lapeer, July, 1898, to Jackson for five years for larceny.

Henry Smith, sent from Berrien, June, 1899, to Jackson for 15 years for criminal assault.

Lewis Goldhart, sent from Wayne, October, 1898, to Detroit house of correction for five years for burglary.

Clair P. Simmons, sent from Saginaw, September, 1898, to Jackson for 15 years for burglary.

Adolph Koslowski, sent from Kent, March, 1898, to Jackson for five years for burglary.

John Ellis, sent from Isabella, May, 1897, to Jackson for ten years for criminal assault.

Bert Todd, sent from Isabella, May, 1897, to Jackson for ten years for criminal assault.

Chas. Kervan, sent from Midland, April, 1898, to Jackson for 15 years for statutory criminal assault.

Joseph Moran, sent from Jackson, March, 1891, to Jackson for 20 years for criminal assault.

Isaac McMillan, sent from Saginaw, December, 1896, to Jackson for five years for forgery.

Charles Rapp, sent from St. Joseph, November, 1898, to Jackson for ten years for burglary.

William Dunn, sent from Saginaw, April, 1896, to Jackson for five years for larceny.

IMPORTANT RULINGS.

Secretary of State Settles Questions Concerning Michigan Building and Loan Associations.

The secretary of state recently made several important rulings affecting the operations of building and loan associations in this state, the most important being the acknowledging the right of associations to receive advance payments on stock and to issue a stock certificate therefor, said stock being known as prepaid installment stock; also to borrow money in aid of their legitimate purposes; the forbidding of further issue of full paid stock, loaning of funds to other corporations or to nonmembers, and the charging of fixed minimum premiums as being contrary to the provisions of the law. The department has insisted that associations whose by-laws conflicted with the above rulings as regards the issue of full paid stock, etc., amend them at their next annual meeting of stockholders. The department has also insisted that a copy of all amendments to by-laws be filed with it forthwith, as required by section 33 of the building and loan laws. The associations of the state have very graciously accepted the above rulings and are, as rapidly as possible, amending and filing their by-laws in conformity therewith.

GOOD ROADS FESTIVAL.

The One to Be Held in Port Huron Promises to Be of National Importance.

The good roads festival to be held in Port Huron in July, in connection with the annual state meeting of the Michigan division, L. A. W., promises to be an event of national prominence instead of only a state affair. Chief Consul Earle, who has been at Washington, had a conference with the officials of the national road inquiry department and obtained the promise that a government engineer from that department would come here in June and stay until the completion of the road. Delegates from all the central states will be invited to attend the event and a big gathering of persons interested in good road-making is expected. One mile of macadam road is to be built, the cost of which will be defrayed by subscriptions from persons whose property will be benefited, all the money necessary having been raised.

UNIQUE CHARACTER.

An Old Negro Who Carries the Mail at Milan Has Had an Eventful Life.

One of the odd and well-known characters of Milan is William H. Henry, a colored man, who is more than 80 years of age. Mr. Henry holds the contract for carrying the United States mail between Milan and Stoney Creek. He makes the trip himself except in very cold weather, when his wife performs the duty.

Henry was born of slave parents in Virginia. He was the property of Sim C. Souther, a brutal master. When Henry was about 23 years of age his master struck him in the left eye, destroying his sight. His abuse of Henry became unbearable and the colored man ran away, only to be captured and sold to an Alabama man. In 1863 he escaped to the union lines and came north. He has been married three times.

Knights of Honor.

The grand lodge of the Knights of Honor in session in Lansing elected the following officers:

Grand dictator, E. A. Flecher, Grand Rapids; vice dictator, F. H. Osburn, Grand Rapids; assistant dictator, W. H. Fisher, Detroit; reporter, F. T. Ward, Hillsdale; treasurer, C. G. White, Lapeer; guide, J. W. Fay, Watervliet.

COLONIAL POLICY.

An Interviewer Gives What Purports to Be the Views of President McKinley.

New York, Feb. 19.—A morning paper on Sunday published a summary of a long statement made by President McKinley to Henry Loomis Nelson as to the American policy toward the newly-acquired islands. The article is vouched for as an authoritative interpretation of the president's views. Among other things Mr. Nelson says:

"It is Mr. McKinley's belief and it will be his purpose to carry the belief into operation, that the constitution does not apply to any of our new islands; that those people are not fit for self-government beyond that proposed for Hawaii; that our new possessions must not be permitted to injure any of our protected interests, and that free trade with Porto Rico is right, because our protected interests will not be injured thereby.

"The president believes—and this is the most important statement that can possibly be made touching his present beliefs—that congress has plenary power over Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines. He holds that congress must pass one tariff law for Porto Rico, another for Hawaii, another for the Philippines, and that all may be different from that of the United States.

"Mr. McKinley's attitude toward the natives is benevolent. He desires to elevate them, to educate them, and he hopes that in the end they will become worthy of being entrusted with local self-government. He does not think any of these natives are worthy now, except the few in Hawaii upon whom it is intended to bestow the suffrage—a few more than possessed the suffrage under the Dole government.

"The main purpose of the president is to deal with the islands as markets for American products and as the subjects of commercial exploitation generally.

"He looks forward to benefiting the natives by expanding the blessings of Protestant Christianity and civilization by means of commerce.

"It is important to digress a moment, says Mr. Nelson, for the purpose of saying that the president is largely under the influence of certain clergymen, one of whom considers that he is the chosen champion of Protestantism in its imaginary war with Romanism, and this accounts in a large measure for his conviction that in spreading Christianity and civilization among the heathen he is gaining and keeping the approval of good Americans. Mr. McKinley is a loyal Methodist and is naturally stirred and moved by the enthusiasm and spirit of that important denomination.

"One thing is settled definitely in respect of the Philippines. The open door is not to be applied to them. The republican party will not consent to give to the Asiatic world an opportunity to land its goods in the Philippines free of duty, to enjoy whatever modified tariff there may be established between the Philippines and this country.

"The protected interests are not to be injured by the annexation of any territory. Mr. McKinley did not favor free trade with Porto Rico until he was satisfied that no harm would come to any American interests."

TO FREE POLAND.

Discovery of Alleged Plans for a Rebellion Against Russia, Austria and Germany.

Vienna, Feb. 19.—The authorities at Lemburg, Galicia, have discovered the existence of a secret Polish league which for the last 14 years has been plotting for the reestablishment of the ancient united Polish kingdom, the territory of which is now divided between Germany, Austria and Russia. The two arch-conspirators have been arrested and the police have hundreds of others under surveillance. The two men now held are in close confinement and no hint is given as to their identity. The documents seized not only show how long a time this vicious secret agitation has been in progress, but they clearly prove that the conspirators were organizing a great simultaneous rebellion against the three empires that shared in the partition of Poland. The high government authorities in Vienna attach great importance to the discovery.

PLEA FOR SHIP CANAL.

Hepburn Bill Reported by the Committee—Its Construction Urged.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Chairman Hepburn, of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, has submitted the report of the committee in favor of the Hepburn bill for constructing the Nicaragua canal. The report details at length the advantages that would accrue to the United States by the building of the waterway and then takes up the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. This convention is held to be voided and considered a dead letter from the date of signing to the present day. The contention is made that Great Britain by securing control of the Suez canal secured a short route to the east, thus violating the agreement made with the United States.

BLOODY FIGHT IN TEXAS.

Police and Colored Soldiers at El Paso Clash and Two Men Are Dead.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 19.—At five o'clock in the morning a mob of negro soldiers from Fort Bliss attacked the city police station with the object of releasing two of their comrades who had been arrested.

During the fight Police Officer New T. Stewart, and one negro soldier, were killed, and it is believed that another of the soldiers is wounded.

